#### Ed Sheeran allegedly copies Marvin Gaye classic

Singer-songwriter Ed Sheeran faces a trial in court over claims he allegedly copied the Marvin Gaye classic from 1972 "Let's Get It On". Sheeran is up against an American jury on accusations that his 2014 song "Thinking Out Loud" is undoubtably a copy of the famous R&B hit.

The lawsuit was started by the estate of Ed Townsend, who co-wrote the song with Gaye. Townsend's family allege that Sheeran blatantly based his composition on the chord progression and the chord harmony of "Let's Get It On". They claim that these two parts of the song, when played seamlessly together, are exclusively Gaye's intellectual property (IP). They demand a \$100 million settlement.

Sheeran's legal team supposedly acknowledged the similarities of the two songs privately, but they have proposed that the musical parts are common and cannot be copyright. Sheeran has publicly acted dismissively of these lawsuits in the past, saying that coincidentally it is "bound to happen if 60,000 songs are being released every day on Spotify".

Not all attorneys and lawyers agree with Sheeran, however. A civil rights attorney, Ben Crump, says Sheeran took the IP from a black artist whom he "doesn't feel as worthy as compensation". Music and entertainment lawyer Charlie Sanders adds that even if Sheeran copied it subconsciously, it is still plagiarism. But he says the music industry's business model is partially to blame. He says musicians are issuing lawsuits more often now due to earning less income as a result of streaming music.

# Warm-up activities and vocabulary

### Activities:

Finish the sentence – "Music streaming has affected..."

What does the phrase "thinking out loud" mean?

Write a fifteen word sentence about your favourite musician. Let others try to guess who it is.

### Vocabulary:

1. Scan the text and find a word or phrase that means:

A.	case (paragraph 1)	t
В.	certainly (paragraph 1)	u
C.	song (paragraph 2)	c
D.	fully (paragraph 2)	е
E.	accepted (paragraph 3)	a
F.	suggested (paragraph 3)	p
G.	by chance (paragraph 3)	c
Н.	payment (paragraph 4)	c
l.	copying (paragraph 4)	p
J.	internet broadcast (paragraph 4)	S

- 2. What does the italicised phrase below mean fully, slightly, or not?
  the music industry's business model is partially to blame
- 3. Which word below doesn't belong?

harmony - composition - settlement - chord

#### Reading comprehension match-up

- 1. Singer-songwriter Ed Sheeran faces a trial in court over claims he allegedly...
- 2. Sheeran is up against an American jury on accusations that his...
- 3. The lawsuit was started by the estate of...
- 4. Townsend's family allege that Sheeran blatantly based his composition on the...
- 5. They claim that these two parts of the song, when...
- 6. They demand a...
- 7. Sheeran's legal team supposedly acknowledged the similarities of the two songs privately, but...
- 8. Sheeran has publicly acted dismissively of these lawsuits in the past, saying that coincidentally...
- 9. Not all attorneys and lawyers...
- 10. A civil rights attorney, Ben Crump, says Sheeran took the IP from...
- 11. Music and entertainment lawyer Charlie Sanders adds that even if...
- 12. But he says the music industry's...
- 13. He says musicians are issuing lawsuits more often now due to...
- A. \$100 million settlement.
- B. a black artist whom he "doesn't feel as worthy as compensation".
- C. Ed Townsend, who co-wrote the song with Gaye.
- D. copied the Marvin Gaye classic from 1972 "Let's Get It On".
- E. it is "bound to happen if 60,000 songs are being released every day on Spotify".
- F. they have proposed that the musical parts are common and cannot be copyright.
- G. 2014 song "Thinking Out Loud" is undoubtably a copy of the famous R&B hit.
- H. played seamlessly together, are exclusively Gaye's intellectual property (IP).
- I. earning less income as a result of streaming music.
- J. Sheeran copied it subconsciously, it is still plagiarism.
- K. agree with Sheeran, however.
- L. chord progression and the chord harmony of "Let's Get It On".
- M. business model is partially to blame.

# Phrases, synonyms, and antonyms match-up

Match the words on the left to their endings to make phrases from the text.

1.	bound	A. team

2.	intellectual	B.	songwriter
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Match the words on the left from the text to their synonyms.

1.	settlement	A.	obvious
2.	accusation	В.	ignore
3.	blatant	C.	believe
4.	suppose	D.	deal
5.	dismiss	E.	claim

Match the words on the left from the text to their antonyms.

1.	exclusive	A.	conscious

2. subconscious B. shared

3. coincidence C. intentional

#### **Grammar pairs cloze: adverbs of certainty and uncertainty**

1. A. exclusively / B. allegedly 6. A. subconsciously / B. supposedly 2. A. coincidentally / B. undoubtably 7. A. dismissively / B. blatantly 3. A. blatantly / B. dismissively 8. A. coincidentally / B. allegedly 4. A. supposedly / B. seamlessly 9. A. subconsciously / B. undoubtably 10.A. seamlessly / B. partially 5. A. exclusively / B. partially Singer-songwriter Ed Sheeran faces a trial in court over claims he 1.\_\_\_\_\_ copied the Marvin Gaye classic from 1972 "Let's Get It On". Sheeran is up against an American jury on accusations that his 2014 song "Thinking Out Loud" is 2. \_\_\_\_\_ a copy of the famous R&B hit. The lawsuit was started by the estate of Ed Townsend, who co-wrote the song with Gaye. Townsend's family allege that Sheeran 3. \_\_\_\_\_ based his composition on the chord progression and the chord harmony of "Let's Get It On". They claim that these two parts of the song, when played 4. \_\_\_\_\_\_ together, are 5. \_\_\_\_\_ Gaye's intellectual property (IP). They demand a \$100 million settlement. Sheeran's legal team 6. \_\_\_\_\_ acknowledged the similarities of the two songs privately, but they have proposed that the musical parts are common and cannot be copyright. Sheeran has publicly acted 7. \_\_\_\_\_ of these lawsuits in the past, saying that 8. \_\_\_\_\_\_ it is "bound to happen if 60,000 songs are being released every day on Spotify". Not all attorneys and lawyers agree with Sheeran, however. A civil rights attorney, Ben Crump, says Sheeran took the IP from a black artist whom he "doesn't feel as worthy as compensation". Music and entertainment lawyer Charlie Sanders adds that even if Sheeran copied it 9. \_\_\_\_\_, it is still plagiarism. But he says the music industry's business model is 10. \_\_\_\_\_ to blame. He says

musicians are issuing lawsuits more often now due to earning less income as a

result of streaming music.

# Vocabulary gap-fill cloze

A. proposed		F.	copyright	
B. streaming		G.	issuing	
C. harmony		H.	accusations	
D. trial		I.	acknowledged	
E. composition		J.	settlement	
Singer-songwriter	Ed Sheeran faces a 1		in court over claims he	<b>)</b>
allegedly copied th	ne Marvin Gaye classic	from 19	972 "Let's Get It On". Sheeran is u	р
against an Americ	an jury on 2		_ that his 2014 song "Thinking Out	t
Loud" is undoubta	bly a copy of the famous	s R&B	hit.	
The lawsuit was s	tarted by the estate of E	d Towi	nsend, who co-wrote the song with	1
Gaye. Townsend's	s family allege that Shee	eran bla	atantly based his	
3	on the chord progres	ssion a	nd the chord 4	of
"Let's Get It On".	They claim that these tw	o parts	of the song, when played	
seamlessly togeth	er, are exclusively Gaye	e's inte	llectual property (IP). They demand	d
a \$100 million 5	·			
Sheeran's legal te	am supposedly 6		the similarities of the two	
songs privately, bu	ut they have 7		that the musical parts are	
common and canr	not be 8	Sł	neeran has publicly acted	
dismissively of the	ese lawsuits in the past,	saying	that coincidentally it is "bound to	
happen if 60,000 s	songs are being release	d every	day on Spotify".	
Not all attorneys a	nd lawyers agree with S	Sheera	n, however. A civil rights attorney,	
Ben Crump, says	Sheeran took the IP fror	n a bla	ck artist whom he "doesn't feel as	
worthy as compen	sation". Music and ente	rtainm	ent lawyer Charlie Sanders adds	
that even if Sheer	an copied it subconsciou	usly, it	is still plagiarism. But he says the	
music industry's b	usiness model is partiall	ly to bla	ame. He says musicians are	
9	lawsuits more often	now du	ue to earning less income as a resu	ult
of 10	music.			

# Writing cloze

1. r	tali	6.	mahro	/n		11.yrc	ocpithg	
2. n	nicutscaosa	7.	culsei	lvyx		12.ivc	ili	
3. o	odnubytubal	8.	netsel	etmt		13.lia	yrtapl	
4. a	nusltiw	9.	koldac	nwede	g	14.sg	iunis	
5. c	mncosipito	10	.orposd	ер		15.tra	sigmne	
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	gedly copied the Marvin G							
_	nst an American jury on 2	-						
	d" is 3						gg c	
	4 was							!
	song with Gaye. Townsen		-	_		-	-	
5	on the cl	nor	d progres	sion and	d the cho	ord 6		0
"Let'	s Get It On". They claim t	hat	these two	parts o	of the so	ng, when	played	
sear	mlessly together, are 7			Ga	ye's inte	llectual pr	operty (IP). The	еу
dem	and a \$100 million 8			·				
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song	ງs privately, but they have	10	•		that the musical parts are			
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happen if 60,000 songs are being released every day on Spotify".								
Not a	all attorneys and lawyers	agr	ee with S	heeran,	howeve	er. A 12		
right	s attorney, Ben Crump, sa	ays	Sheeran	took the	e IP from	າ a black a	artist whom he	
"doe	sn't feel as worthy as con	npe	nsation".	Music a	nd ente	rtainment	lawyer Charlie	
San	ders adds that even if She	era	n copied	it subco	onscious	ly, it is stil	ll plagiarism. Bu	ut
he says the music industry's business model is 13 to blame. He								
says musicians are 14 lawsuits more often now due to earning								
	income as a result of 15							

#### Fill-in consonants

Fill-in the missing letters d, k, p, s, w.

\_inger-\_ong\_riter Ed Sheeran face\_ a trial in court over claim\_ he allege\_ly co\_ie\_ the Marvin Gaye cla\_\_ic from 1972 "Let'\_ Get It On". Sheeran i\_ u\_ again\_t an American jury on accu\_ation\_ that hi\_ 2014 \_ong "Thin\_ing Out Lou\_" i\_ un\_oubtably a co\_y of the famou\_ R&B hit. The la\_\_uit \_a\_ \_tarte\_ by the e\_tate of Ed Townsend, \_ho co-\_rote the \_ong \_ith Gaye. Townsend'\_ family allege that Sheeran blatantly ba\_e\_ hi\_ com\_o\_ition on the chor\_ \_rogre\_\_ion an\_ the chor\_ harmony of "Let'\_ Get It On". They claim that the\_e t\_o \_art\_ of the \_ong, \_hen \_laye\_ \_eamle\_\_ly together, are exclu\_ively Gaye'\_ intellectual \_ro\_erty (I\_). They \_eman\_ a \$100 million \_ettlement.

Sheeran'\_ legal team \_u\_\_o\_e\_ly ac\_no\_le\_ge\_ the \_imilaritie\_ of the t\_o \_ong\_ \_rivately, but they have \_ro\_o\_e\_ that the mu\_ical \_art\_ are common an\_ cannot be co\_yright. Sheeran ha\_ \_ublicly acte\_ \_i\_mi\_\_ively of the\_e la\_\_uit\_ in the \_a\_t, \_aying that coinci\_entally it i\_ "boun\_ to ha\_\_en if 60,000 \_ong\_ are being relea\_e\_ every \_ay on Spotify".

Not all attorney\_ an\_ la\_yer\_ agree \_ith \_heeran, ho\_ever. A civil right\_ attorney, Ben Crump, \_ay\_ \_heeran too\_ the l\_ from a blac\_ arti\_t \_hom he "\_oe\_n't feel a\_ \_orthy a\_ com\_en\_ation". Mu\_ic an\_ entertainment la\_yer Charlie Sanders a\_\_\_ that even if \_heeran co\_ie\_ it \_ubcon\_ciou\_ly, it i\_ \_till \_lagiari\_m. But he \_ay\_ the mu\_ic in\_u\_try'\_ bu\_ine\_\_ mo\_el i\_ \_artially to blame. He \_ay\_ mu\_ician\_ are i\_\_uing la\_\_uit\_ more often no\_ \_ue to earning le\_\_ income a\_ a re\_ult of \_treaming mu\_ic.

# Cool-down discussion, keywords, and game

#### Discussion questions:

- Is it hard to earn a living from art?
- Why do musicians do cover songs? Do you have a favourite cover song?
- How do people become musicians in your country?
- What are the pros and cons of music streaming platforms?
- What parts of a song structure can you name?

# CEFR C1 10 lesson keywords:

Nouns: accusation, composition, copyright, harmony, settlement, trial

Verbs: acknowledge, issue, propose, stream

#### Game:

Beginning with each letter below, think of a word to do with music.

A	J	S
В	K	Т
С	L	U
D	М	V
E	N	W
F	0	Χ
G	Р	Υ
Н	Q	Z
I	R	

#### **Answers**

### Page 2 Warm-up activities and vocabulary

- 1. A. trial, B. undoubtably, C. composition, D. exclusively, E. acknowledged,
- F. proposed, G. coincidentally, H. compensation, I. plagiarism, J. streaming
- 2. slightly
- 3. settlement

# Page 3 Reading comprehension match-up

1D, 2G, 3C, 4L, 5H, 6A, 7F, 8E, 9K, 10B, 11J, 12M, 13I

# Page 4 Phrases, synonyms, and antonyms match-up

Phrases 1H, 2D, 3F, 4I, 5B, 6A, 7J, 8C, 9G, 10E

Synonyms 1D, 2E, 3A, 4C, 5B

Antonyms 1B, 2A, 3C

# Page 5 Grammar pairs cloze: adverbs of certainty and uncertainty

1B, 2B, 3A, 4B, 5A, 6B, 7A, 8A, 9A, 10B

### Page 6 Vocabulary gap-fill cloze

1D, 2H, 3E, 4C, 5J, 6I, 7A, 8F, 9G, 10B

#### Page 7 Writing cloze

- 1. trial, 2. accusations, 3. undoubtably, 4. lawsuit, 5. composition, 6. harmony,
- 7. exclusively, 8. settlement, 9. acknowledged, 10. proposed, 11. copyright,
- 12. civil, 13. partially, 14. issuing, 15. streaming

For this lesson's interactive exercises, visit:

https://www.everybitenglish.com/online-exercises-20230501-sheeran-copyright

Thanks for using this lesson!